OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF HEALTH IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 15TH MARCH 1930.

A total of 71 attacks with 38 deaths from plague was returned for the week, against 52 attacks with 37 deaths in the previous week. All the districts were affected except Hassan. Bangalore City returned 3 attack with 1 deaths while Mysore City and the Kolar Gold Field area continued to remain free from the disease.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week for the State were 20 attacks with 13 deaths in 1928 and 66 attacks with 44 deaths in 1929.

3. A total of 56 attacks with 16 deaths from small-pox was returned for 3 villages in each of the Shimoga and Honnali Taluks, 2 villages in Mudgere Taluk, one village in each of the Hole-Narsipur, Nagar, Tirthahalli, Madhugiri and Kumsi Taluks and Bowringpet, Chikballapur, Chikmagalur, Sira and Birur Towns including Mysore City and the Kolar Gold Field area.

4. One attack with one death from influenza was returned for Bangalore City.

5. The State continued to remain free from cholera and relapsing fever.

6. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 91, representing a calculated annual ratio of 39·91 per mille of population against the average ratio of 32·58 for 1928. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered—1 under plague, 3 under malaria, 9 under broncho-pneumonia, 9 under pneumonia, 4 under typhoid, 13 under other fevers, 11 under phthisis, 1 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 40 under all other causes.

7. As compared with the City, the Civil and Military Station returned 83 deaths for the week ending 9th March 1930, representing a calculated annual ratio of 36·41 per mille of population against the ratio of 28·51 in the previous week. The causes of deaths were—cholera 1, typhoid 1, other fevers 2, phthisis 11, pneumonia 2, broncho-pneumonia 19, dysentery and diarrhoea 1, and all other causes 46.

8. The total mortality for Mysore City for the week was 41, representing a calculated annual ratio of 25·39 per mille of population against the average ratio of 33·51 for 1928. The causes of deaths were—small-pox 1, malaria 1, pneumonia 4, other fevers 1, phthisis 5, dysentery and diarrhœa 6 and all other causes 23.

9. There were 54 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Field area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 32·61 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24·31 for 1928. The causes of deaths were small-pox 1, broncho-pneumonia 2, pneumonia 1, other fevers 1, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhœa 11, and all other causes 37.

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